UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CHARLES E. IVIE,

VS.

Plaintiff(s),

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, et al.,

Defendant(s).

CASE NO. 15cv266-LAB (NLS)

ORDER DENYING MOTION TO PROCEED IN FORMA PAUPERIS; AND

**ORDER OF DISMISSAL** 

On February 9, 2015, Plaintiff Charles Ivie, proceeding *pro se*, filed his complaint along with a motion to proceed *in forma pauperis* ("IFP"). To prepare the IFP motion, it appears Ivie typed questions for an IFP form and hand-wrote his answers on them. The handwriting is mostly illegible. In addition, Ivie has given contradictory answers to at least one question; for example, to question 3, asking whether he had any cash, he checked both yes and no, then wrote something that looks like "\$300 useless, can't name value." Leave to proceed IFP is **DENIED**.

The caption identifies various National Forest Service officers as Defendants, as well as the Department of Justice and various other federal agencies and officers, and all courts and magistrates. The complaint begins with two typewritten pages in all capital letters. Ivie is protesting a citation he received while on the Noble Canyon trail (located in the Cleveland National Forest), for having an unleashed law at a developed recreational site. Ivie argues

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there are no leash laws in national forests. But see 36 C.F.R. §§ 2.15(2), 261.16(j). The complaint is replete with insults and cursing, directed primarily at towards the officers he holds responsible, and the government in general. It is clear he is of the opinion that he had the right to do what he was doing, and has no intention of obeying leash laws or public lands regulations.

The first two pages are followed by a partially-legible handwritten page, and this is followed by three pages hand-annotated copies of the violation notices and an envelope. The notices show Ivie was cited on January 17, 2013, and the fine was \$50.00. At the top of the last page, Ivie has written a demand for \$30,000, for fraudulent filing (apparently referring to the violation notices).

Obviously, Ivie thinks the officers should not have cited him. But the remedy for this was for him to appear and defend against the citation, not to sue the officers and various other people and agencies. In *United States v. Barley*, 405 F. Supp. 2d 1121 (N.D.Cal., 2005), for example, visitors to a national park successfully contested citations for off-leash dog walking on the grounds that the regulations then in place had not been properly noticed or promulgated.

No statute or law authorizes this suit, and it is also clear that most if not all of the Defendants are either immune or else have nothing to do with lvie's claims. The complaint is **DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE**. The Clerk is directed to close the docket.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: February 13, 2015

HONORABLE LARRY ALAN BURNS United States District Judge

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